

The best method for resolving international disputes and their preferred mechanisms

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ABSTRACT:

This research aims to study the challenges of resolving disputes between states and analyze the mechanisms used to resolve them, both judicial and non-judicial. It will highlight the importance of resolving disputes between states and the legal, political, and economic issues it raises. It will also review the international mechanisms used in resolving disputes, providing real-life example. The importance of the state is considered one of the most important topics in contemporary international law. It is a group of individuals whose permanent residence is within a specific and fixed geographical area, with independent and sovereign authority. It can be defined as a socio-political unit composed of interconnected basic elements: people, territory, and sovereign authority. Jurists have defined it as a state subject to a specific rule and with specific laws and customs. The implementation of its provisions and the application of its laws are linked to the fundamental principles of this component...and the state, as the primary programmer of the subjects of public international law. The components of this state must have pillars upon which they are based. The absence or loss of any of these pillars deprives it of the true definition of statehood. Recognition of the status of this state depends not so much on itself as on its compatibility with the surrounding states, in addition to a fundamental element: the opinion of society and the people regarding its credibility and its view of its citizens as equal and equal rights and duties. A narrow distinction between its citizens deprives it of its legitimacy. The people represent the basic and important element of the state, as it is impossible to imagine a state without a people, citizens, or subjects, who are the individuals bound to the state by a political bond: nationality.

Keyword: international disputes, Armed conflicts ,challenges, resolving.

INTRODUCTION;

Dispute resolution between states is a vital and complex topic in international law. Tension and friction arise between states as a result of the multiple differences in interests, opinions, and understandings that arise in the context of international relations. Armed conflicts are among the most powerful factors causing forced displacement [1]. They also lead to civilian deaths and injuries, the destruction of civilian infrastructure, increased presence of explosive ordnance, including mines and unexploded ordnance, disruption of public services and the rule of law, and leading to family separation and increased numbers of unaccompanied children, among other impacts. Unfortunately, contemporary conflicts are witnessing increasing disregard by warring parties for the principles of international humanitarian law, which constitute the cornerstone of the legal frameworks relating to armed conflict. This puts millions of civilians at risk, as civilians are sometimes deliberately targeted as a method of warfare [2]. The most prominent principles of international humanitarian law regarding the treatment of civilians.

Methodology:

The study addressed the resolution of conflicts between states and societies based on the civilizational foundations emanating from international organizations. The adoption of historical treaties related to the cases related to those states and nations. Then the contribution of the League of Nations and after it, the United Nations was formed. The study includes the importance of resolving conflicts based on regional organizations due to their realistic study. The role of the United Nations is fundamental in resolving conflicts when conflicts develop into permanent or temporary wars between the conflicting states. Belief in human rights organizations based on international and humanitarian laws plays a major role in implementing the laws of applicable laws enacted in international agreements.

International armed conflicts:

Resolving conflicts between states and its strategic and humanitarian importance:

1. Maintaining international peace and security: Resolving conflicts between states is an essential tool for maintaining international peace and security. When conflicts are resolved peacefully and mutually acceptable, escalation and tensions that could lead to violence and war are avoided.

2. Resolving conflicts between states fosters mutual understanding. Contributing to the building of strong and sustainable diplomatic relations is very important field for achieve the goals [3].

International Organizations and Their Role in Settling Disputes:

The issue of protecting the environment from pollution has become increasingly prominent in global, regional, and local discussions throughout the twentieth century. Multiple environmental problems and the resulting real threats to humans, animals, and plants have become a cause for concern for everyone. The greatest embodiment of the importance of protecting and cleaning the environment and preserving its beauty is evident in the greatness of our ancient Iraqi ancestors in the Mesopotamian civilization, which emerged in the sixth millennium BC and encompassed several civilizations, such as the Sumerian, Akkadian, Babylonian, and Assyrian civilizations. The greatness of these civilizations and their concern for the environment are reflected in the remains of the Hanging Gardens in the ancient city of Babylon, considered one of the Seven Wonders of the World. They were built by King Nebuchadnezzar in 600 BC [4]. This building represents the ability of the Iraqi people to defy the laws of nature, as water would rise to the top of the building to irrigate the trees, flowers, vegetables, and fruits that were grown at that time. The development and complexity of human life and the increase in the activities of international organizations to include all aspects of life have made disputes increase in number and type, adding great responsibilities to international organizations to find peaceful settlements for them. International organizations, as institutions that aim to achieve the best means of cooperation between countries in various fields, have played and continue to play an important role in organizing international relations and have contributed to

finding sound solutions and settlements for many international disputes, including. Forms of organizations are one of the basic principles of various international organizations [5]. The peaceful settlement of international disputes is considered one of the basic principles of various international organizations, as it is included in the majority of the charters of international organizations, and some of the rules for settling international disputes in proper ways. Accordingly, it has become a special factor in the settlement of international disputes and the preservation of international peace of the world and its security. All contributions of organizations have also to the settlement of appropriate disputes between member states, as they have adopted regional organizations according to the circumstances of the organization and the relations between its member states.

Regional organizations have adopted certain means according to the objectives of a single nature or of a special type, where a group of states faces similar or similar disputes, which necessitates the establishment of an international legal institution that works to overcome the difficulties that it faces or between it and other states, and for this reason each group of these states has sought to find a formula for settling disputes that may arise between them, or between them and other states, and for this reason each group of these states has sought to find a special formula for settling disputes that may arise between them. These organizations do not cooperate with international organizations in settling disputes, but rather conflict with regional organizations. On the contrary, regional organizations have a fundamental role in settling appropriate disputes between their members. The United Nations Charter emphasized the role of regional organizations in this field, and considered the existence of the United Nations as an obstacle to the establishment of regional organizations in the field of settling disputes related to the maintenance of international peace and security, as long as peaceful settlement in regional action is valid and appropriate therein [6].

The Role of Regional Organizations in Conflict Resolution and Achieving International Cooperation:

Regional organizations, like international organizations, have paid great attention to the principle of regional conflict resolution and cooperation, elevating it to become a fundamental pillar of any regional organization

seeking to build cooperative relations among its members[7]. This is clearly evident in the texts of these organizations, which explicitly affirm this principle in their founding agreements and consider it one of the fundamental principles upon which any regional organization is based. Arab States is among the first regional organizations. Scope of cooperation within regional organizations extends beyond the narrow political sphere, not just the formal peace represented by preventing the use of force and resolving disputes peacefully, but also the achievement of international cooperation in resolving international issues of an economic, social, cultural, and humanitarian nature, in a manner that preserves international peace and security.

Recommendations should be based on the results of careful research and analysis and take into account the specific challenges and circumstances surrounding conflict resolution between states [8].

CONCLUSION:

The urgent need is to strengthen realistic and logical mechanisms for resolving international disputes and to focus on enhancing international cooperation and solidarity among influential countries. Civilizational and humanitarian dialogue, mediation, arbitration, and reliance on international courts enhance efforts to achieve lasting peace, justice, and security and political stability. The international community, in general, is strengthened by the auspices of international and regional institutions to resolve disputes between countries, as they provide real opportunities and a platform for promoting understanding and cooperation to achieve justice and peaceful settlements. Various United Nations organizations, including the African Union, the European Union, and others, play an important role in facilitating and promoting optimal and just resolution processes for international disputes. Achieving peace and just settlements of disputes between countries must contribute to creating a lasting and sustainable working environment for economic, cultural, and civilizational growth, which fosters respect for others. Disputes between countries must be resolved peacefully. Enhancing trust between countries is of exceptional importance for achieving economic stability. Economic stability attracts capital and diverse investments, promotes trade, and achieves sustainable development for the countries concerned. Internal capacities and training in mediation, conflict analysis, and international negotiations must be

enhanced to ensure specialized skills for resolving conflicts between countries. A clear vision and genuine desire must be present, along with the essential pillar of political will of countries. Work must be done to build mutual trust, cultural understanding, and acceptance of others in order to achieve common interests. Just and lasting settlements of conflicts between all countries will enhance peace and security in the civilized world.

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